

In the Claims:

1. (previously presented) A method of holographic data storage with holographic data storage media which comprises the steps of:

recording one or more holograms representing data at one or more locations on the media; and

providing optical energy from said recording of at least one of said one or more holograms to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms, while said recording of said at least one of said one or more holograms is being carried out, to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said optical energy is provided.

2. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said holographic media has a dynamic range capable of recording a plurality of holograms representing data in at least one location on said media, said recording step is carried out over a portion of said dynamic range, and said providing step is carried out over the remainder of said dynamic range.

3. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said recording step provides a reference beam and an object beam which overlap each other in said media to record said at least one of said one or more holograms, and said reference beam has a portion non-overlapping said object beam, and said non-overlapping portion provides said optical energy to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations of said previously recorded holograms.

4. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said providing step is carried out using said optical energy which has optical wavelengths that the holographic media is photosensitive to.

5. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said providing step is carried out using said optical energy which has wavelengths that the holographic media absorbs and which causes thermal heating of the media.

6-7. (cancelled)

8. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said recording step uses at least one optical beam at least a portion of which represents said optical energy to carry out said providing step.

9. (original) The method according to Claim 8 wherein said optical beam is a reference beam.

10. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said providing step comprises the step of directing said optical energy that has passed through said media from said recording of at least one of said one or more holograms to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said optical energy is directed.

11. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 9 wherein said reference beam has a size more than that needed to record said at least one of said one or more holograms, and said optical energy is provided by part of said reference beam unused for recording said at least one of said one or more holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations of one or more previously recorded holograms.

12. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said recording step uses a reference beam in recording said one or more holograms, and said providing step further comprises the step of directing optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media when said at least one of said one or more holograms is recorded to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said optical energy is directed.

13. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said providing step is carried out by the steps of:

collecting optical energy that passes through the media from said recording step for recording at least one of said one or more holograms; and

redirecting said collected optical energy to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said collected optical energy is redirected.

14. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said optical energy provided to the media to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media is oriented, diffused or has coherency insufficient to record spurious holographic images.

15. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 13 wherein said providing step is further carried out by the steps of:

recollecting said redirected optical energy which again passes through said media; and

redirecting said recollected optical energy to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said recollected optical energy is redirected.

16. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 15 wherein said recollecting and redirecting steps are carried out one or more times using optical energy which passes through said media that was previously recollected and redirected.

17. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said providing step is carried out in multiple ones of said providing step in order to sufficiently fix the media.

18. (previously presented) An apparatus for holographic data storage with holographic data storage media which comprises:

means for recording one or more holograms representing data at one or more locations on the media; and

means for providing optical energy from said recording means, while said recording means records at least one of said one or more holograms, to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said optical energy is provided.

19. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said holographic media has a dynamic range capable of recording a plurality of holograms representing data in at least one location on said media, said recording means is operative for recording over a portion of said dynamic range, and said providing means is operative over the remainder of said dynamic range.

20. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said recording means provides a reference beam and an object beam which overlap each other in said media to record said at least one of said one or more holograms, and said reference beam has a portion non-overlapping said object beam, and said non-overlapping portion provides said optical energy to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations of said previously recorded holograms.

21. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said optical energy provided has optical wavelengths that the holographic media is photosensitive to.

22. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said optical energy provided has wavelengths that the holographic media absorbs and which causes thermal heating of the media.

23-24. (cancelled)

25. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said recording means comprises means for providing at least one optical beam in which at least a portion of said optical beam represents said optical energy.

26. (original) The apparatus according to Claim 25 wherein recording means is operative to provide said optical beam as a reference beam.

27. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said providing means comprises means for directing said optical energy from said recording means that has passed through said media, while said recording means records said at least one of said one or more holograms, to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said optical energy is directed.

28. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 26 wherein said reference beam has a size more than that needed to record said at least one of said one or more holograms, and said optical energy is provided by part of said reference beam unused for recording said at least one of said one or more holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations of one or more previously recorded holograms.

29. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said recording means uses a reference beam in recording said one or more holograms, and said providing means further comprises means for directing optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media when said recording means records said at least one of said one or more holograms to one or more locations on the media of one or more previously recorded holograms to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said optical energy is directed.

30. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said providing means further comprises means for collecting and redirecting optical energy that passes through the media from said recording means, while said recording means records at least one of said one or more holograms, to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said collected optical energy is redirected.

31. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said optical energy provided to the media to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media is oriented, diffused or has coherency insufficient to record spurious holographic images.

32. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 30 wherein said providing means is operative by recollecting said redirected optical energy which again passes through said media and redirecting said recollecting optical energy to fix the media against further recording at said one or more locations on the media where said recollecting optical energy is redirected.

33. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 32 wherein said providing means is further operative by repeating said recollecting and redirecting one or more times using optical energy which passes through said media that was previously recollecting and redirected.

34. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said providing means is operative by multiple exposures of said media in order to sufficiently fix the media.

35. (currently amended) An apparatus for fixing holographic data storage with a photosensitive holographic data storage media having one or more locations of recorded holograms representing data, said apparatus comprising means for exposing the media with sufficient energy to fix the media against further recording in said one or more

locations, wherein said exposing means is operative by directing optical energy for recording ~~one or more holograms~~ to at least one of said one or more locations of said recorded holograms representing data on said media.

36. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 35 wherein said optical energy is directed by said exposing means as radiation oriented, diffused or having coherency insufficient to record spurious holographic images.

37-43. (cancelled)

44. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 35 wherein said exposing means is operative by collecting optical energy from said recording means that passes through said media and redirecting said energy to a location on said media where fixing is carried out.

45. (cancelled)

46. (previously presented) A method of holographic data storage with a photosensitive holographic data storage media which comprises the steps of recording one or more holograms representing data at one or more locations on the media, and after such recording exposing the media with sufficient energy to fix the media against further recording in said locations by collecting optical energy used for recording and redirecting said energy to at least one of said one or more locations on said media where fixing is carried out.

47. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 46 wherein said collected light is recollected and passed through different locations of said media on multiple passes thereby fixing a plurality of said locations at the same time.

48. (previously presented) An apparatus for holographic data storage with a photosensitive holographic data storage media which comprises means for recording one

or more holograms representing data at one or more locations on the media, and means operative after such recording for exposing the media with sufficient energy to fix the media against further recording in said one or more locations by collecting optical energy from said recording means and redirecting said energy to at least one of said locations on said media where fixing is carried out.

49. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 48 wherein said exposing means is capable of fixing a plurality of said locations on said media at the same time.

50. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said providing step and said recording step are carried out in the same housing.

51. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said optical energy utilized by said providing step represents radiation which is not Bragg matched to any of the previously recorded holograms at the one or more locations being fixed by said providing step.

52. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said media comprises photopolymerizable material.

53. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 1 wherein said one or more previously recorded holograms were previously recorded by said recording step.

54. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 12 wherein said directed optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media represents a beam having a coherence length reduced from that of the reference beam used in said recording step.

55. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 12 wherein said step of directing optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media is carried out with the aid of a reflective surface.

56. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 12 wherein said step of directing optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media is carried out utilizes a single reflective surface when the optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media is sufficient to fix the media.

57. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 15 wherein said steps of collecting and directing said collected optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media are carried out with the aid of a first reflective surface disposed along one side of said media, and said steps of recollecting and redirecting said recollecting optical energy are carried with the aid of a second reflective surface disposed on the opposite side of said media.

58. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 further comprises a housing having at least said providing means and said recording means.

59. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said media comprises photopolymerizable material.

60. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said one or more previously recorded holograms were previously recorded by said recording means.

61. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 29 wherein said directed optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media is not Bragg matched to any of the previously recorded holograms in the one or more locations being fixed by said optical energy.

62. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 29 wherein said directing means further comprises a diffuser, wherein said directed optical energy of said reference beam that has passed through said media represents a beam having a coherence length reduced by said diffuser.

63. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 29 wherein said directing means comprises a reflective surface.

64. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 29 wherein said directing means further comprises:

a first reflective surface disposed along one side of said media to redirect said reference beam to fix said media at at least one of said one or more locations; and

a second reflective surface disposed on the opposite side of said media that redirects said reference beam which passed through said media to fix said media at one or more other of said one or more locations.

65. (currently amended) A system for holographic data storage on holographic data storage media comprising:

an optical source;

optics for recording one or more holograms representing data on media; and

optics for fixing the media from further recording where said one or more holograms were recorded, wherein said optics for recording and said optics for fixing are operative using radiation from the same said optical source.

66. (previously presented) The system according to Claim 65 further comprising a housing having at least said optical source, said optics for recording, and said optics for fixing.

67. (previously presented) The system according to Claim 65 wherein said optics for fixing comprises a reflective surface for redirecting light that passes through the

media during recording for fixing the media where said one or more holograms were previously recorded.

68. (previously presented) The system according to Claim 67 wherein said reflective surface is one of a flat, aspheric, or spherical mirror.

69. (previously presented) The system according to Claim 65 wherein said optics for recording directs a reference beam having a cross-sectional size more than that needed for recording a new hologram at a location in the media, and said optics for fixing is provided by said optics for recording in which a part of said reference beam unused for recording is directed by said optics for recording along with the reference beam for recording said new hologram to another location on the media to fix said another location from further recording.

70. (currently amended) An apparatus for holographic data storage with a photosensitive holographic data storage media having a first side and a second side comprising:

at least one beam of optical energy directing to a first location along said first side of said media in which a portion of the optical energy exits from a second location of said media along said second side of said media; and

optics having at least a reflective surface which directs ~~redirects~~ the portion of the optical energy of said beam which passes through the media exiting from said second location to at least one third location on along said second side of said media different from said second location ~~having one or more recorded holograms~~ to fix one or more recorded holograms at said at least one third location from further recording any hologram at said at least one third location.

71. (currently amended) An ~~The apparatus according to Claim 70~~ for holographic data storage with a photosensitive holographic data storage media further comprising:
at least one beam of optical energy directing to said media;

optics having at least a reflective surface which redirects optical energy of said beam which passes through the media to at least one location on said media having one or more recorded holograms to fix said at least one location from further recording any hologram at said at least one location; and

means for recording one or more holograms in said media, and said recording means provides said beam.

72. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 70 further comprising a source providing said optical energy for said beam.

73. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 72 further comprising means for recording holograms in said media, in which said source is not part of said recording means.

74. (cancelled)

75. (currently amended) An apparatus utilizing holographic data storage comprising:

a source providing a beam; and

optics for redirecting said beam that passes through the media to one or more locations in the media where one or more holograms have been previously recorded, wherein said one or more locations in the media are different from the location of the media from which said beam passes out of said media to said optics.

76. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 75 wherein said optics represents first optics, and said apparatus further comprises second optics utilizing said beam for recording one or more holograms in the media.

77. (previously presented) The apparatus according to Claim 75 wherein said source represents a first source, and said apparatus further comprises a second source providing another beam capable of being used to record one or more holograms.

78. (new) The apparatus according to Claim 70 further comprising means for one or more of positioning or orienting said optics with respect to said media.